



USER'S MANUAL

AM-140 AM-140 TRMS AM-160 AM-160 TRMS

Digital Multimeters

1) SAFETY

This manual contains information and warnings that must be followed for operating the instrument safely and maintaining the instrument in a safe operating condition. If the instrument is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the instrument may be impaired. The meter is intended for indoor use only.

The meter is protected by double insulation per EN61010-1 and IEC61010-1 2nd Edition (2001) to CAT III 1000V & CAT IV 600V. The meter also meets UL3111-1 (1994)* and CSA C22.2 No. 1010-1-92* to CAT III 1000V.

AM-140 Terminals (to COM) ratings:

V: Category III 1000 Volts AC & DC, and Category IV* 600 Volts AC & DC. A / mAμA: Category III and Category IV* 500 Volts AC and 300 Volts DC.

AM-160 Terminals (to COM) ratings:

V / A : Category III 1000 Volts AC & DC, and Category IV* 600 Volts AC & DC.

 $mA\mu A$: Category III and Category IV* 600 Volts AC and 300 Volts DC.

*Category IV safety standard (for DMMs) was first released in IEC61010-1 2nd Edition in year 2001, and was not adopted as an UL published standard at the time this manual was written.

Per IEC61010-1 2nd Ed. (2001) Measurement Category

OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY II

Equipment of OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY II is energy-consuming equipment to be supplied from the fixed installation.

Note – Examples include household, office, and laboratory appliances.

OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY III

Equipment of OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY III is equipment in fixed installations.

Note – Examples include switches in the fixed installation and some equipment for industrial use with permanent connection to the fixed installation.

OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY IV

Equipment of OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY IV is for use at the origin of the installation.

Note – Examples include electricity meters and primary over-current protection equipment.

TERMS IN THIS MANUAL

- *WARNING* identifies conditions and actions that could result in serious injury or even death to the user.
- **CAUTION** identifies conditions and actions that could cause damage or malfunction in the instrument.

WARNING

To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, do not expose this product to rain or moisture. To avoid electrical shock hazard, observe the proper safety precautions when working with voltages above 60 VDC or 30 VAC rms. These voltage levels pose a potential shock hazard to the user. Do not touch test lead tips or the circuit being tested while power is applied to the circuit being measured. Keep your fingers behind the finger guards of the test leads during measurement. Inspect test leads, connectors, and probes for damaged insulation or exposed metal before using the instrument. If any defects are found, replace them immediately. Do not measure any current that exceeds the current rating of the protection fuse. Do not attempt a current measurement to any circuit where the open circuit voltage is above the protection fuse voltage rating. Suspected open circuit voltage should be checked with voltage functions. Never attempt a voltage measurement with the test lead inserted into the μ A/mA or A input jack. Only replace the blown fuse with the proper rating as specified in this manual.

CAUTION

Disconnect the test leads from the test points before changing functions. Always set the instrument to the highest range and work downward for an unknown value when using manual ranging mode.

INTERNATIONAL ELECTRICAL SYMBOLS

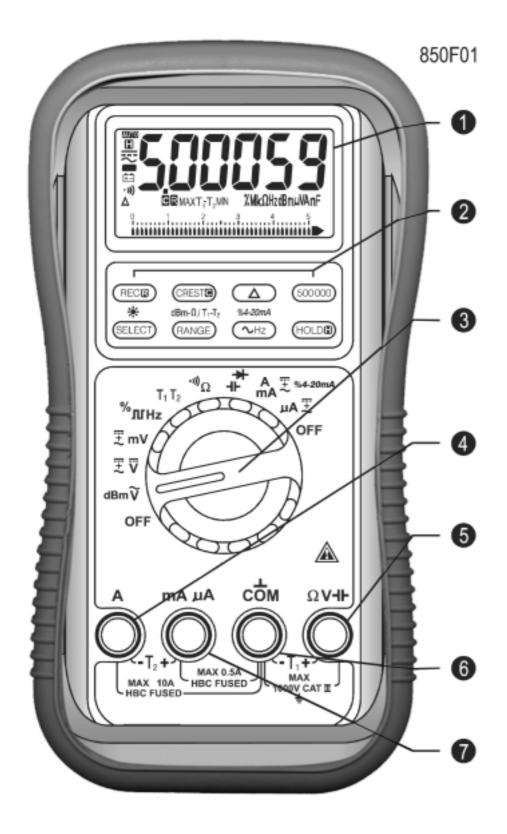
- Caution ! Refer to the explanation in this Manual
- A Caution ! Risk of electric shock
- **≟** Earth (Ground)
- Double Insulation or Reinforced insulation
- 🖶 Fuse
- \sim AC--Alternating Current
- --- DC--Direct Current

2) CENELEC Directives

The instruments conform to CENELEC Low-voltage directive 73/23/EEC and Electromagnetic compatibility directive 89/336/EEC

3) PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Panel Illustration



1) 5-4/5 digits 500000 counts LCD display

2) Push-buttons for special functions & features

3) Selector to turn the Power On or Off and Select a function

4) Input Jack for 10A (+) (20A for 30sec) current, and for T2 (-) function

5) Input Jack (+) for all functions *EXCEPT current (µA, mA, A) and T2 functions*

6) Common (Ground reference) Input Jack (-) for all functions *EXCEPT T2 function*

7) Input Jack (+) for milli-amp, micro-amp, and T2 (+) functions

Average sensing RMS calibrated

RMS (Root-Mean-Square) is the term used to describe the effective or equivalent DC value of an AC signal. Most digital multimeters use average sensing RMS calibrated technique to measure RMS values of AC signals. This technique is to obtain the average value by rectifying and filtering the AC signal. The average value is then scaled upward (calibrated) to read the RMS value of a sine wave. In measuring pure sinusoidal waveform, this technique is fast, accurate, and cost effective. In measuring non-sinusoidal waveforms, however, significant errors can be introduced because of different scaling factors relating average to RMS values.

AC True RMS

AC True RMS, normally refers as True RMS, identifies a DMM function that is AC coupled, and responds accurately only to the effective RMS AC component value regardless of the waveforms. However, DC component plays an important role in the distorted non-symmetrical waveforms, and will also be of interest sometimes. A full wave rectified sine waveform is a good example, and the AC true RMS function will only give the AC component reading which is at 43.6% of the total effective DC+AC RMS reading.

DC+AC True RMS

DC+AC True RMS calculates both of the AC and DC components given by the expression $\sqrt{DC^2 + (AC \text{ rms})^2}$ when making a measurement, and can respond accurately to the total effective RMS value regardless of the waveform. Distorted waveforms with the presence of DC components and harmonics may cause:

- 1) Overheated transformers, generators and motors to burn out faster than normal
- 2) Circuit breakers to trip prematurely
- 3) Fuses to blow
- 4) Neutrals to overheat due to the triplen harmonics present on the neutral
- 5) Bus bars and electrical panels to vibrate

AC Bandwidth

AC bandwidth of a DMM is the range of frequencies over which AC measurements can be made within the specified accuracy. It is not the frequency measurement function, and is the frequency response of the AC functions. A DMM cannot accurately measure the AC value with frequency spectrums beyond the AC bandwidth of the DMM. Therefore, wide AC bandwidth plays an important role in high performance DMM. In reality, complex waveforms, noise and distorted waveforms contain much higher frequency spectrum than its fundamental.

NMRR (Normal Mode Rejection Ratio)

NMRR is the DMM's ability to reject unwanted AC noise effect that can cause inaccurate DC measurements. NMRR is typically specified in terms of dB (decibel). This series has a NMRR specification of > 60dB at 50 and 60Hz, which is a good and definite ability to reject the effect of AC noise when making DC measurements.

CMRR (Common Mode Rejection Ratio)

Common mode voltage is voltage present on both the COM and VOLTAGE input terminals of a DMM, with respect to ground. CMRR is the DMM's ability to reject common mode voltage effect that can cause digit rattle or offset in voltage measurements. This series has a CMRR specifications of > 90dB at DC to 60Hz in ACV function; and > 120dB at DC, 50 and 60Hz in DCV function. If neither NMRR nor CMRR specification is specified, a DMM's performance will be uncertain.

Analog bar-graph

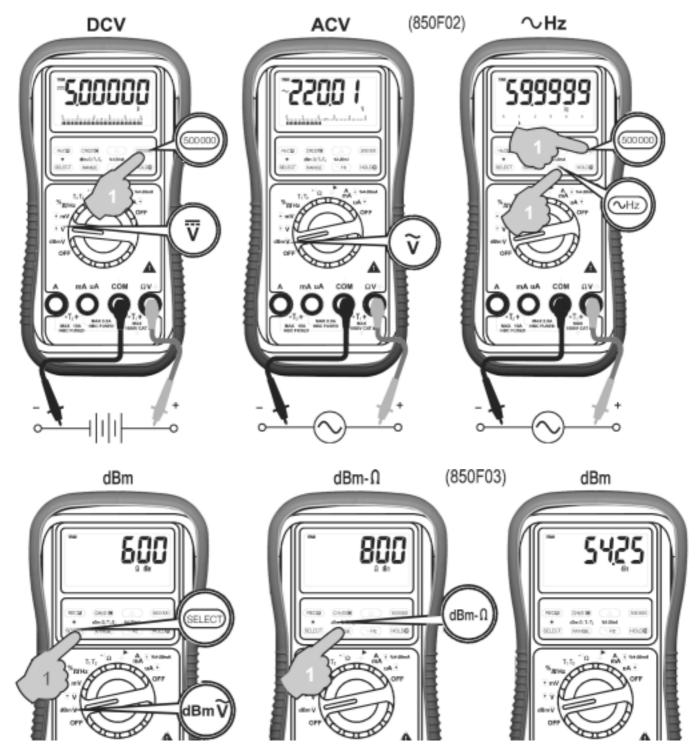
The analog bar graph provides a visual indication of measurement like a traditional analog meter needle. It is excellent in detecting faulty contacts, identifying potentiometer clicks, and indicating signal spikes during adjustments. Analog bar-graph is not available in AC+DC True RMS Voltage & Current modes.

4) **OPERATION**

AC Voltage, DC Voltage, DC+AC Voltage, & \sim Hz Line Level Frequency

In AC Voltage, press **SELECT** button momentarily to toggle between AC and dBm. In DC Voltage, press **SELECT** button momentarily to toggle between DC, and DC+AC. In mV Voltage, press **SELECT** button momentarily to select DC, AC, or DC+AC. The new settings will be saved automatically to the non-volatile memory as power up default. In DCV and DCmV, press **500000** button momentarily to toggle between 4-4/5 digits and 5-4/5 digits readings. In voltage or current functions, press the \sim Hz push button momentarily to activate or to exit Line Level Frequency measuring function. Line Level Frequency measuring function is designed especially for noisy electrical high voltage signals.

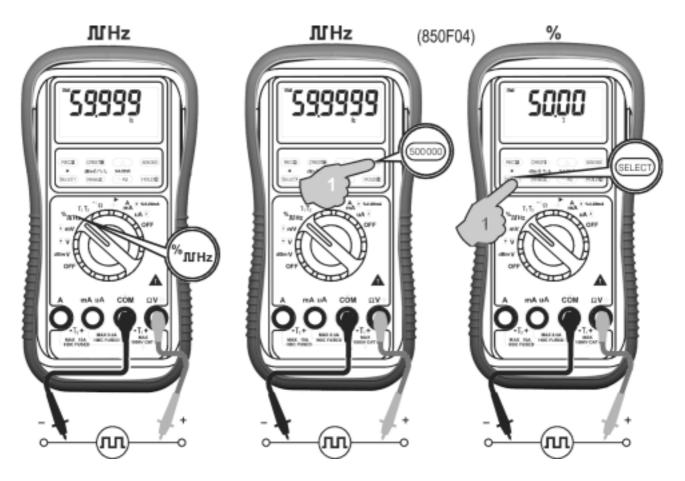
Note: In dBm function, power up default reference impedance will be displayed for 1 second before displaying the dBm readings. Press **dBm**- Ω (**RANGE**) button momentary to select different reference impedance of 4, 8, 16, 32, 50, 75, 93, 110, 125, 135, 150, 200, 250, 300, 500, 600, 800, 900, 1000, up to 1200 Ω . The new impedance value will be saved automatically to the non-volatile memory as power up default.



Note: Line Level Frequency measuring function input sensitivity varies automatically with voltage (or current) function range selected. The lower the measuring range the higher the sensitivity. That is, mV function has the highest and the 1000V range has the lowest as in voltage function ranges. It is recommended to first measure the signal voltage (or current) level then activate the Hz function in that voltage (or current) range to automatically get the most appropriate trigger level. When activated from voltage function, you can also press the **RANGE** button momentarily to select another trigger level range manually. The analog bargraph pointer will point at the selected trigger level range scale 1, 2, 3, or 4. If the Hz reading is unstable, select lower sensitivity to avoid electrical noise. If the reading shows zero, select higher sensitivity.

Ⅲ Hz Logic Level Frequency and % Duty Cycle functions

Press **SELECT** button momentarily to toggle between Hz and % (duty cycle) readings. The new setting will be saved automatically to the non-volatile memory as power up default. Press **500000** button momentarily to toggle between 5 full digits and 6 full digits Hz readings.

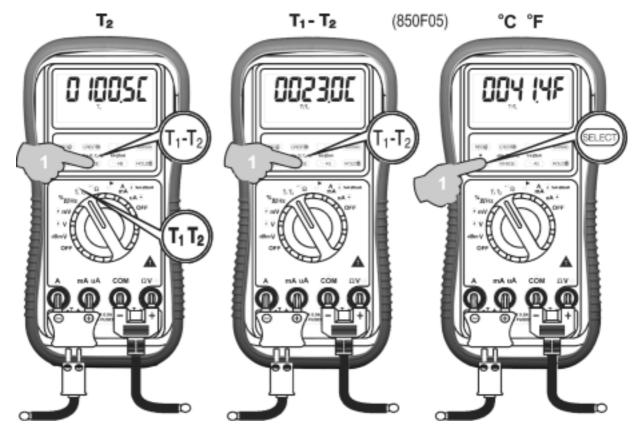


Note: Unlike the Line Level Frequency measuring function as previously stated, this Logic Level Frequency function is set only at the highest input sensitivity to measure digital type electronic signals.

T1-T2 Dual Channels Temperature function (AM-160 only)

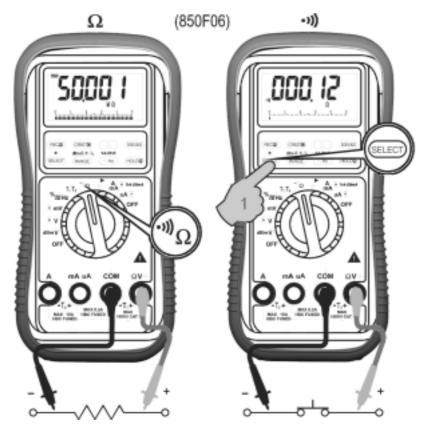
Press **SELECT** button momentarily to toggle between °C and °F readings, and the new setting will be saved automatically in the non-volatile memory as power up default. Press T1-T2 (**RANGE**) button momentarily to select T1, T2, or T1-T2 readings.

Note: Insert the banana plug K-type temperature bead probe Bkp60 (standard accessory x 1) with correct +- polarities. Dual channels T1-T2 readings require 2 probes. You can also use a plug adapter Bkb32 (Optional purchase) with banana pins to K-type socket to adapt other standard K type mini plug temperature probes.



Ω Resistance, •») Continuity functions

Press **SELECT** button momentarily to toggle between Ω and **•**) Continuity functions. The new setting will be saved automatically to the non-volatile memory as power up default. Continuity function is convenient for checking wiring connections and operation of switches. A continuous beep tone indicates a complete wire.



CAUTION

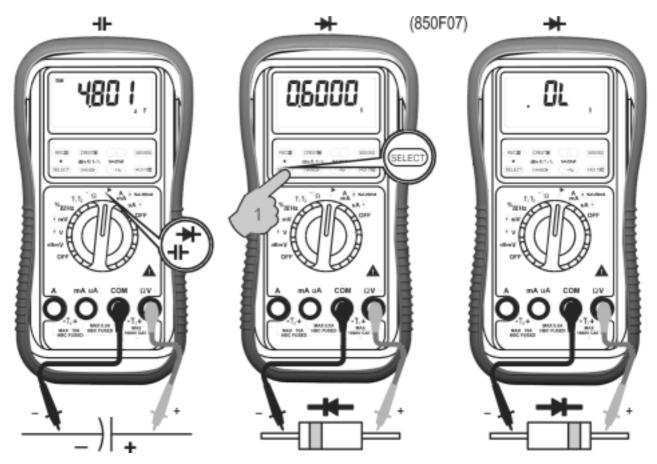
Using resistance or continuity function in a live circuit will produce false results and may damage the meter. In many cases the suspected component must be disconnected from the circuit to obtain an accurate reading.

⊣⊢ Capacitance, **→⊢** Diode test function

Press **SELECT** button momentarily to toggle between **-I**- Capacitance and **-**Diode Diode test functions. The new setting will be saved automatically to the non-volatile memory as power up default.

CAUTION

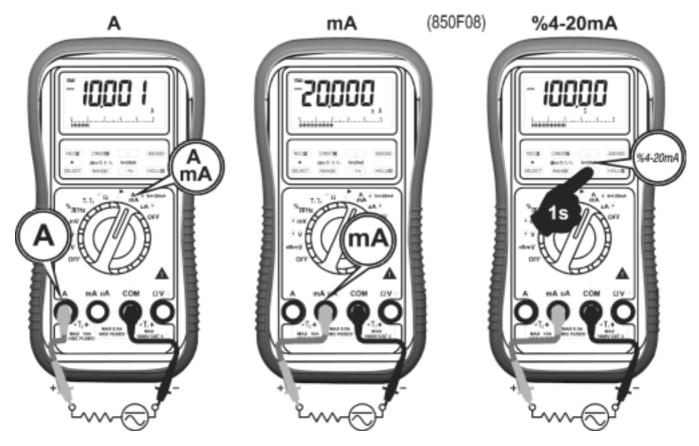
Discharge capacitors before making any measurement. Large value capacitors should be discharged through an appropriate resistance load.



Note: Normal forward voltage drop (forward biased) for a good silicon diode is between 0.400V to 0.900V. A reading higher than that indicates a leaky diode (defective). A zero reading indicates a shorted diode (defective). An OL indicates an open diode (defective). Reverse the test leads connections (reverse biased) across the diode. The digital display shows OL if the diode is good. Any other readings indicate the diode is resistive or shorted (defective).

$\mu\text{A},$ mA, A, and %4-20mA Current functions

Insert the red test lead into the correct μ A/mA or A input jack. Press **SELECT** button momentarily to select DC, AC, or DC+AC. The new settings will be saved automatically to the non-volatile memory as power up default. In DC mA function, neither in AC nor in DC+AC, *press and hold* the **%4-20mA** ((**~Hz**) button for 1 second or more to display the current digital data in terms of loop current percentage (%) value. It is set at 4mA = 0% (zero) and 20mA = 100% (span) with 0.01% high resolution, which virtually extends the meters' capability to test and regulate the externally powered loop current in the industrial process control applications. The analog bar-graph remains the mA current value to alert the user.



Warning: When measuring a 3-phase system, special attention should be taken to the phase to phase voltage which is significantly higher than the phase to earth voltage. To avoid exceeding the voltage rating of the protection fuse(s) accidentally, always consider the phase to phase voltage as the working voltage for the protection fuse(s).

RS232C PC computer interface capabilities

The instrument equips with an optical isolated interface port at the meter back for data communication. Optional purchase PC interface kit RSKIT2 is required to connect the meter to the PC computer. The Data Recording System software is equipped with a digital meter, an analog meter, a comparator meter, and a Data Graphical recorder display. Refer to the README file in the interface kit for further details.

MAX/MIN RECORDING mode

Press **REC** button momentarily to activate MAX/MIN recording mode. The LCD symbol "R" and "MAX MIN" turn on. The meter beeps when new maximum or minimum reading is updated. Press the button momentarily to read throughout the Maximum (MAX), Minimum (MIN), and Maximum minus Minimum (MAX-MIN) readings. Press the button for 1 second or more to exit MAX/MIN recording mode. Auto Power Off feature will be disabled automatically in this mode.

CREST Capture (Instantaneous Peak Hold) mode

Press **CREST** button momentarily to activate CREST mode to capture voltage or current signal duration as short as 0.8ms. This mode is available in DC, AC, DC+AC modes of voltage and current functions. The LCD symbols "C" & "MAX" turn on. The meter beeps when new maximum or minimum reading is updated. Press the button momentarily to read throughout the Maximum (MAX), Minimum (MIN), and Maximum minus Minimum (MAX-MIN) readings. Press the button for 1 second or more to exit CREST capture mode. Auto Power Off feature will be disabled automatically in this mode.

▲ Relative Zero mode

Relative Zero allows the user to offset the meter consecutive measurements with the displaying reading as the reference value. Practically MAX/MIN recording feature readings can also be set as relative reference value. Press the Δ button momentarily to activate and to exit Relative Zero mode.

500000 high resolution stable mode

In DC voltage and frequency functions, press the **500000** button momentarily to toggle between the 4-4/5 digits fast mode and the 5-4/5 digits high resolution stable mode.

Backlighted display

Press the **SELECT** button for 1 second or more to turn on or off the display backlight function. It will also be turned off automatically after 30 seconds to extend battery life.

Manual or Auto-ranging

Press the **RANGE** button momentarily to select manual-ranging mode, and the meter will remain in the range it was in, the LCD symbol **AUTO** turns off. Press the button momentarily again to step through the ranges. Press and hold the button for 1 second or more to resume auto-ranging mode.

Note: Manual ranging mode feature is not available in Hz function.

Hold

The hold function freezes the display for later view. Press the **HOLD** button momentarily to activate or to exit the hold function.

Set Beeper Off

Press the \sim Hz button while turning the meter on to disable the push button operating beeper feature. However, the continuity and Jack Beep input warning features remain.

Intelligent Auto Power Off (APO)

The Intelligent Auto Power Off (APO) mode turns the meter off automatically to extend battery life after approximately 17 minutes of no activities. Activities are specified as: 1) Rotary switch or push button operations, and 2) Significant measuring readings of above 10% of range or non-OL Ω readings. In other words, the meter will intelligently avoid entering the APO mode when it is under normal measurements. To wake up the meter from APO, press the **RECORD** button momentarily or turn the rotary switch to the OFF position and then turn back on again. Always turn the rotary switch to the OFF position when the meter is not in use.

Disabling Auto Power Off

Press the **RANGE** button while turning the meter on to disable the Auto Power Off (APO) feature.

5) MAINTENANCE WARNING

To avoid electrical shock, disconnect the meter from any circuit, remove the test leads from the input jacks and turn OFF the meter before opening the case. Do not operate with open case. Install only the same type of fuse or equivalent

Trouble Shooting

If the instrument fails to operate, check battery, fuses, leads, etc., and replace as necessary. Double check operating procedure as described in this user's manual. If the instrument voltage-resistance input terminal has subjected to high voltage transient (caused by lightning or switching surge to the system) by accident or abnormal conditions of operation, the series fusible resistors will be blown off (become high impedance) like fuses to protect the user and the instrument. Most measuring functions through this terminal will then be open circuit. The series fusible resistors and the spark gaps should then be replaced by qualified technician. Refer to the LIMITED WARRANTY section for obtaining warranty or repairing service.

Cleaning and Storage

Periodically wipe the case with a damp cloth and mild detergent; do not use abrasives or solvents. If the meter is not to be used for periods of longer than 60 days, remove the battery and store it separately.

Battery and Fuse replacement

Battery use:

9V alkaline battery NEDA1604A, JIS6AM6 or IEC6LF22

AM-140:

Fuse (FS1) for µAmA current input: 0.63A/500V, IR 200kA, F fuse;

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Fuse (FS2) for A current input: 12.5A/500V, IR 20kA, F fuse
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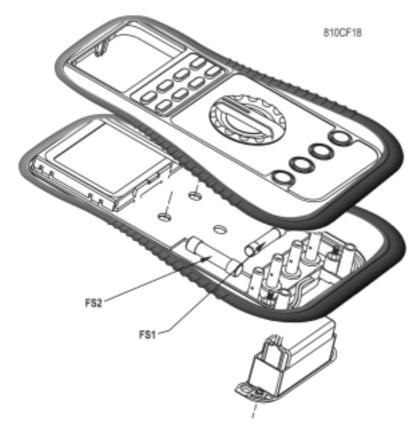
AM-160:

Fuse (FS1) for μAmA current input: 1A/600V, IR 100kA, F fuse Fuse (FS2) for A current input: 15A/1kV, IR 10kA (or 11A/1kV, IR 20kA), F fuse

*The 0.44A fuse is also recommended since it has a Time-Current Characteristic Curves projection of approaching infinity at 0.5A. It can also be loaded way beyond 1000 seconds at 1A, and has a fast acting characteristic of below 0.01 second at beyond 2.5A. This protection characteristic also matches our meter nicely.

Battery replacement:

Loosen the 2 screws from the battery access door of the case bottom. Lift the battery access door and thus the battery compartment up. Replace the battery. Re-fasten the screws.



Fuse replacement :

Loosen the 4 screws from the case bottom. Lift the end of the case bottom nearest the input jacks until it unsnaps from the case top. Replace the blown fuse(s) and/or the battery. Replace the case bottom, and ensure that all the gaskets are properly seated and the two snaps on the case top (near the LCD side) are engaged. Re-fasten the screws.

6) GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display: 4-4/5 digits 50,000 counts. Selectable stable mode 5-4/5 digits 500,000 counts for DC Voltage, & 6 digits 999,999 counts for Hz

Polarity: Automatic

Update Rate:

4-4/5 digits fast mode: 5 per second nominal;

5-4/5 digits stable mode: 1.25 per second nominal;

42 Segments Bar graph: 60 per second max

Low Battery: Below approx. 7V

Operating Temperature: 0°C to 45°C

Relative Humidity: Maximum relative humidity 80% for temperature up to 31°C decreasing linearly to 50% relative humidity at 45°C

Pollution degree: 2

Storage Temperature: -20°C to 60°C, < 80% R.H. (with battery removed)

Altitude: Operating below 2000m

Temperature Coefficient: nominal 0.1 x (specified accuracy)/ °C @(0°C -- 18°C or 28°C -- 40°C), or otherwise specified

Sensing: AC, AC+DC True RMS

Safety: The meter is protected, against the users, by double insulation per EN61010-1 and IEC61010-1 2nd Edition (2001) to CAT III 1000V & CAT IV 600V. The meter also meets UL3111-1 (1994)* and CSA C22.2 No. 1010-1-92* to CAT III 1000V.

AM-140 Terminals (to COM) ratings:

V: Category III 1000 Volts AC & DC, and Category IV* 600 Volts AC & DC. A / mAμA: Category III and Category IV* 500 Volts AC and 300 Volts DC. *AM-160 Terminals (to COM) ratings:*

V / A : Category III 1000 Volts AC & DC, and Category IV* 600 Volts AC & DC.

 $mA\mu A$: Category III and Category IV* 600 Volts AC and 300 Volts DC.

*Category IV safety standard (for DMMs) was first released in IEC61010-1 2nd Edition in year 2001, and was not adopted as an UL published standard at the time this manual was written.

Transient protection: 8kV (1.2/50µs surge)

E.M.C.: Meets EN61326 (1997, 1998/A1), EN61000-4-2 (1995) and EN61000-4-3 (1996). Also meets former standards EN55011(1991) and EN50082-1(1997) In an RF field of 3V/m:

Capacitance function is not specified

Other function ranges: Total Accuracy = Specified Accuracy + 100 digits Performance above 3V/m is not specified

Overload Protections:

μA & mA : 1A/600V, IR 100kA, F fuse

: 15A/1kV, IR 10kA (or 11A/1kV, IR 20kA), F fuse

V, mV, Ω , & Others : 1050Vrms, 1450Vpeak

Power Supply: Single Alkaline 9V battery; NEDA1604A, JIS6AM6 or IEC6LF22

Power Consumption: 5 mA typical

APO Timing: Idle for 17 minutes

APO Consumption: 20µA

Dimension: L193mm X W97mm X H46mm

Weight: 390 gm

Α

Accessories: Test leads (pair), holster, battery installed, user's manual, banana plug K-type thermocouple x 1 (AM-160 only)

Special Features: Record MAX, MIN, MAX-MIN readings. Crest (Instantaneous Peak hold) MAX, MIN, MAX-MIN readings. Relative zero mode. 500,000 counts high resolution stable reading mode. Backlighted display. dBm readings. T1-T2 differential temperature readings (AM-160 only). %4-20mA loop current readings. High noise rejection filtered Line Level Frequency mode. Data Hold. Audible & visible input warning.

Electrical Specifications

Accuracy is \pm (% reading digits + number of digits) or otherwise specified, at 23°C \pm 5°C & less than 75% relative humidity.

True RMS voltage & current accuracies are specified from 5 % to 100 % of range or otherwise specified. Maximum Crest Factor < 5:1 at full scale & < 10:1 at half scale, and with frequency components within the specified frequency bandwidth for non-sinusoidal waveforms.

AC & AC+DC Voltage

RANGE	AM-160	AM-140
Accuracy* 20Hz 45Hz		
500.00mV	1.5% + 40d	2
5.0000V,	1.5% + 40d	
50.000V	1.070 • 400	Unspec'd
500.00V,	Unspec'd	enopeed
1000.0V	Chopee a	
	45Hz 300H	z
500.00mV	0.3% + 20d	
5.0000V,	0.8% + 20d	
50.000V		0.8%+60d
500.00V,	0.4% + 40d	
1000.0V		
	300Hz 5kHz	300Hz 1kHz
500.00mV	0.3% + 10d	0.8%+40d
5.0000V,		
50.000V,	0.4% + 40d	2.0%+60d
500.00V		
1000.0V	0.8% + 40d	1.0%+40d
	(300Hz1kHz)	
	5kHz 20kHz	1kHz 20kHz
500.00mV	0.5%+20d	1dB**
5.0000V,	0.8%+20d	2dB**
50.000V		
500.00V	0.5%+20d	3dB**
1000.0V	Unspec'd	Unspec'd
20kHz 100kHz		
500.00mV	2.0%+40d	
5.0000V,	4.0%+40d**	
50.000V		Unspec'd
500.00V	Unspec'd	
1000.0V		

*From 5% to 10% of range: accuracy % of reading (or in dB) + 80d **From 5% to 10% of range:

accuracy % of reading (or in dB) + 180d **From 10% to 15% of range:

accuracy % of reading (or in dB) + 100d CMRR: >90dB @ DC to 60Hz, Rs=1k Ω Input Impedance: 10M Ω , 30pF nominal

(80pF nominal for 500mV range) Residual reading less than 50 digits with test leads shorted.

dBM

At 600 Ω , -11.76dBm to 54.25dBm, Accuracy: \pm 0.25dB + 2d (@40Hz -- 20kHz)

Input Impedance: $10M\Omega$, 30pF nominal Selectable reference impedance of 4, 8, 16, 32, 50, 75, 93, 110, 125, 135, 150, 200, 250, 300, 500, 600, 800, 900, 1000, 1200 Ω

DC Voltage

RANGE	AM-160	AM-140	
	Accuracy		
500.00 mV,	0.02% + 2d	0.03% + 2d	
5.0000V,			
50.000V			
500.00V	0.04%+2d	0.05% + 2d	
1000.0V	0.05%+ 2d	0.1%+2d	

NMRR: >60dB @ 50/60Hz CMRR: >120dB @ DC, 50/60Hz, Rs=1kΩ Input Impedance: 10MΩ, 30pF nominal (80pF nominal for 500mV range)

•») Audible Continuity Tester

Audible threshold: between 20Ω and 200Ω

Response time < 100μ s

Ohms

RANGE	AM-160	AM-140
	Accur	асу
500.00Ω	0.07%+10d	
5.0000KΩ	0.07%+2d	0.1%+6d
50.000KΩ		0.1/0+00
500.00KΩ		
$5.0000M\Omega$	0.2%+6d	0.4%+6d
50.000MΩ	2.0%+6d	2.0%+6d

Open Circuit Voltage: < 1.3VDC (< 3VDC for 500 Ω range)

Capacitance

Accuracy*
0.8% + 3d
0.8% + 3d
1.0% + 3d
2.0% + 3d
3.5% + 5d
5.0% + 5d

*Accuracies with film capacitor or better

DC Current

RANGE	Accuracy	Burden Voltage
500.00µA	0.15%+20d	0.15mV/μA
5000.0µA	0.1%+20d	0.15mV/μA
50.000mA	0.15%+10d	3.3mV/mA
500.00mA	0.1%+20d	3.3mV/mA
5.0000A	0.5%+10d	0.03V/A
10.000A*	0.5%+20d	0.03V/A

*10A continuous, 20A for 30 second max with 5 minutes cool down interval

AC & AC+DC CURRENT

RANGE	AM-160	AM-140	Burden
	Accuracy		
50Hz 60ł	Ηz		
500.00μA			0.15mV/µA
5000.0μA			0.15mV/µA
50.000mA	0.5%	1.0%	3.3mV/mA
500.00mA	+50d	+40d	3.3mV/mA
5.0000A			0.03V/A
10.000A*			0.03V/A
40Hz – 1kHz			
500.00µA			0.15mV/µA
5000.0μA			0.15mV/µA
50.000mA	0.7%	1.0%	3.3mV/mA
500.00mA	+50d	+40d	3.3mV/mA
5.0000A			0.03V/A
10.000A*			0.03V/A
1kHz – 10kHz			
500.00µA			0.15mV/µA
5000.0μA	2.0%	Unspec'	0.15mV/µA
50.000mA	+50d	d	3.3mV/mA
500.00mA			3.3mV/mA
5.0000A	Unspec'	Unspec'	0.03V/A
10.000A*	d	d	0.03 V/A

*10A continuous, 20A for 30 second max with 5 minutes cool down interval

Crest mode (Instantaneous Peak Hold)

Accuracy: Specified accuracy \pm 100 digits for changes > 0.8ms in duration

DC Loop Current %4--20mA

4mA = 0% (zero) 20mA = 100% (span) Resolution: 0.01% Accuracy: ± 25d

➡ DIODE TESTER

RANGE	Accuracy	Test	Open
		Current	Circuit
		(Typical)	Voltage
5.0000V	1%+1d	0.8mA	< 3.5 VDC

T1-T2 Dual Temperature (AM-160 only)

RANGE	Accuracy
-50.0°C to 1000.0°C	0.3%+1°C
-58.0°F to 1832.0°F	0.3%+2°F

Thermocouple range & accuracy not included

\sim Hz Line Level Frequency

RANGE		Accuracy	
5.0000Hz200.000kHz		0.002%+4d	
Sensitivities (S	ine RMS):		
0.1V min	@500mV r	ange	
1V min	@5V range		
10V min	@50V rang	ge	
100V min	@500V rai	nge	
900V min	@1000V ra	ange	

III Hz Logic Level Frequency

RANGE	Accuracy
5.0000Hz2.00000MHz	0.002%+4d

Sensitivity: 2.5Vp square wave

%DUTY CYCLE

RANGE	Accuracy
0.1% 99.99%	3d/kHz+2d

Input Frequency:

5Hz -- 500 kHz, 5V Logic Family

LIMITED WARRANTY

Congratulations! Your new instrument has been quality crafted according to quality standards and contains quality components and workmanship. It has been inspected for proper operation of all of its functions and tested by qualified factory technicians according to the long-established standards of our company.

Your instrument has a limited warranty against defective materials and/or workmanship for one year from the date of purchase provided that, in the opinion of the factory, the instrument has not been tampered with or taken apart.

Should your instrument fail due to defective materials, and/or workmanship during this one year period, a no charge repair or replacement will be made to the original purchaser. Please have your dated bill of sale, which must identify the instrument model number and serial number and call the number listed below:

Repair Department ATP – Amprobe, TIF, Promax Miramar, FL Phone: 954-499-5400 800-327-5060 Fax: 954-499-5454 Website: www.Amprobe.com

Please obtain an RMA number before returning product for repair.

Outside the U.S.A. the local representative will assist you. Above limited warranty covers repair and replacement of instrument only and no other obligation is stated or implied.